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Tax Rates 2025/26

Income Tax		
Allowances	2025/26	2024/25
Personal Allowance (PA)*	£12,570	£12,570
Marriage Allowance†	1,260	1,260
Blind Person's Allowance	3,130	3,070
Rent-a-room relief**	7,500	7,500
Trading income allowance**	1,000	1,000
Property income allowance**	1,000	1,000
*PA is withdrawn at £1 for every £2 by which 'a	djusted income' exceeds £	100,000. There is

no allowance given above £125,140. †The part of the PA that is transferable to a spouse or civil partner who is not a higher

or additional rate taxpaver.

**If gross income exceeds this, the limit may be deducted instead of actual expenses.				
Rate bands	2025/26	2024/25		
Basic Rate Band (BRB)	£37,700	£37,700		
Higher Rate Band (HRB)	37,701 - 125,140	37,701 - 125,140		
Additional rate	over 125,140	over 125,140		
Personal Savings Allowance (PSA)				
Basic rate taxpayer	1,000	1,000		
Higher rate taxpayer	500	500		
Dividend Allowance (DA)	500	500		

BRB and additional rate threshold are increased by personal pension contributions (up to permitted limit) and Gift Aid donations.

Tax rates

Rates differ for General/Savings	s/Dividend inc	ome 20	025/26		20	24/25
	G	S	D	G	S	D
Basic rate %	20	20	8.75	20	20	8.75
Higher rate %	40	40	33.75	40	40	33.75
Additional rate %	45	45	39.35	45	45	39.35
General income (salary, pensions, business profits, rent) usually uses personal allowance,						

basic rate and higher rate bands before savings income (mainly interest). Scottish taxpayers are taxed at different rates on general income (see below).

Where savings income falls in the first £5,000 of the BRB, it is taxed at nil rather than 20%. The PSA taxes savings income at nil, where it would otherwise be taxable at 20% or 40%. Dividends are normally taxed as the 'top slice' of income. The DA taxes the first £500 of

dividend income at nil, rather than the rate that would otherwise apply.						
Income tax - Scotland		2025/26	2024/25			
Starter rate	19%	£2,827	£2,306			
Basic rate	20%	2,828 - 14,921	2,307 - 13,991			
Intermediate rate	21%	14,922 - 31,092	13,992 - 31,092			
Higher rate	42%	31,093 - 62,430	31,093 - 62,430			
Advanced rate	45%	62,431 - 125,140	62,431 - 125,140			
Top rate	48%	over 125,140	125,140			
Savings and dividend income are taxed at normal LIK rates						

High Income Child Benefit Charge (HICBC)

1% of child benefit for each £200 of adjusted net income between £60,000 and £80,000.

New UK residents

From 2025/26, those who are in their first 4 years of UK residence, having been non-resident for the previous 10 years, can claim to have most types of foreign income exempt from UK tax for the year. A similar claim is available for foreign capital gains.

In prior years, 'remittance basis' was available for UK residents who were neither UKdomiciled nor deemed domiciled. If claimed, foreign income or gains were only taxable in the UK if remitted here. Remittance basis users with unremitted income or gains can use the Temporary Repatriation Facility in 2025/26 to 2027/28. This allows them to be taxed at a favourable rate (12% or 15%) on designated income or gains; otherwise, their unremitted income and gains become taxable at normal rates when remitted to the UK.

Pensions

State pension (per week)

Registered Pensions	2025/26	2024/25
Annual Allowance (AA)*	£60,000	£60,000
Annual relievable pension inputs are the high	er of earnings (capped at AA) or	£3,600.

*Usually tapered down, to a minimum of £10,000, when adjusted income exceeds £260,000. The maximum tax-free pension lump sum is £268,275, unless a higher amount is "protected"

Old state pension	£176.45	£169.50
New state pension	230.25	221 20

2025/26

2024/25

2,000,000

200.000

200.000

2.000.000

200.000

200,000

National Insurance Contributions (NICs)

Class 1 (Employees)	Employee	Employer
Main NICs rate	8%	15%
No NICs on first	£242pw	£96pw
Main rate charged up to*	£967pw	no limit
2% rate on earnings above	£967pw	N/A
Employment allowance per business**	N/A	£10,500

Nil rate of employer NICs on earnings up to £967pw for employees aged under 21, apprentices aged under 25 and ex-armed forces personnel in their first twelve months of civilian employment.

Employer contributions (at 15%) are also due on most taxable benefits (Class 1A) and on tax paid on an employee's behalf under a PAYE settlement agreement (Class 1B).

Class 2 (Self-employed)

EIS - 30% relief

Seed EIS (SEIS) - 50% relief

Venture Capital Trust (VCT) - 30% relief

Flat rate per week if profits below £6,845 (voluntary)	£3.50
Class 3 (Voluntary)	
Flat rate per week	£17.75

Class 4 (Self-employed)

On profits between £12,570 and £50,270 6% On profits over £50,270 2%

Employees with earnings above £125 per week and the self-employed with annual profits over £6,845 (or who pay voluntary Class 2 contributions) can access entitlement to contributory benefits.

Vehicle benefits

Cars: Taxable benefit: List price of car multiplied by chargeable percentage.

	Electric		
CO ₂	Range	2025/26	2024/25
g/km	miles	%	%
0	N/A	3	2
1-50	>130	3	2
1-50	70 -129	6	5
1-50	40 - 69	9	8
1-50	30 - 39	13	12
1-50	<30	15	14
51-54	N/A	16	15

Then a further 1% for each 5g/km CO₂ emissions, up to a maximum of 37%. Diesel cars that are not RDE2 standard suffer a 4% supplement on the above figures but are still capped at 37%.

Vans: Chargeable value of £4,020 (2024/25: £3,960) if private use is more than home-to-work. Zero-emission vans charged at £Nil (2024/25: £Nil).

Fuel benefit

Employer provides fuel for private motoring in an employer-owned: Car: CO₂-based percentage from above table multiplied by £28,200 (2024/25: £27,800).

Van: £769 (2024/25: £757).

Employee contributions do not reduce taxable figure unless all private fuel is paid for by the employee (in which case there is no benefit charge).

^{**}Some businesses do not qualify, including certain sole director companies.

per business mile
45p
25p

Business passengers 5p Motorcycles 24p Bicycles 20p

Capital Gains Tax		
Annual exempt amount	2025/26	2024/25
Individuals, estates	£3,000	£3,000
Most trusts	1 500	1 500

Tax rate	2025/26	2024/25	
Individual up to Basic Rate Limit (BRL)		Disposals from 30.10.24	Disposals up to 29.10.24
 Residential property 	18%	18%	18%
Other assets Individual above BRL, trusts and estates	18%	18%	10%
 Residential property 	24%	24%	24%
Other assets Business Asset Disposal	24%	24%	20%
Relief (BADR)	14%	10%	10%

BADR is available on qualifying gains up to a lifetime limit of £1 million. Carried interest is taxed at 32% (2024/25: 18% up to BRL: otherwise 28%).

Main rate (profits above £250,000)	25% 25%
Small profits rate (profits up to £50,000)	19% 19%
Marginal relief band (MRB) £50k – £2	50k £50k – £250k
Fraction in MRB (effective marginal rate) 3/200 (26	5.5%) 3/200 (26.5%)
Research and development relief	
Accounting periods beginning on or after	1.4.2024
R&D Expenditure Credit (RDEC) scheme*	20%
R&D-intensive SMEs enhanced expenditure schem	e** 86%

31.3.2026

31.3.2025

3%

Fixed deduction per annum

Corporation Tax

Year to

R&D-intensive companies are those that have R&D expenditure constituting at least 30% of total tax-deductible P&L expenses plus capitalised R&D costs. Loss-making R&D-

intensive companies can claim a payable credit rate of 14.5% from HMRC in exchange for their losses (capped at £20,000 plus 3 x [PAYE & NIC]).

	-	
Main capital allowances		
Plant and machinery allowances	Year to	Year to
Companies only	31.3.26	31.3.25
- First-year allowance (main pool)	100%	100%
- First-year allowance (special rate pool)	50%	50%
Annual Investment Allowance (AIA)		
 Expenditure of up to £1m 	100%	100%
New electric vans	100%	100%
Writing down allowance: main pool	18%	18%
Writing down allowance: special rate pool	6%	6%
Motor cars purchased	CO ₂ (q/km)	Allowance
New cars only	Nil	100%
In general pool	up to 50	18%
In special rate pool	above 50	6%
Structures and buildings allowance		

^{*}Taxable expenditure credit for qualifying R&D.

^{**}Additional deduction for qualifying R&D.

Property taxes

Annual Tax on Enveloped Dwellings (ATED)

ATED applies to 'high value' residential properties owned via a corporate structure, unless the property is used for a qualifying purpose. The tax applies to properties valued at more than £500,000.

Property value	Annual charge to		
	31.3.2026	31.3.2025	
£0.5m - £1m	£4,450	£4,400	
£1m - £2m	9,150	9,000	
£2m - £5m	31,050	30,550	
£5m - £10m	72,700	71,500	
£10m - £20m	145,950	143,550	
Over £20m	292,350	287,500	

Stamp Duty Land Tax (SDLT), Land and Buildings Transaction Tax (LBTT) and Land Transaction Tax (LTT)

Residential property (1st property only)

SDLT - Englar	nd & NI	LBTT - Sco	tland	LTT - Wales		
£000	Rate	£000	Rate	£000	Rate	
Up to 125	Nil	Up to 145	Nil	Up to 225	Nil	
125 - 250	2%	145 - 250	2%	225 - 400	6.0%	
250 - 925	5%	250 - 325	5%	400 - 750	7.5%	
925 - 1,500	10%	325 - 750	10%	750 - 1,500	10.0%	
Over 1,500	12%	Over 750	12%	Over 1,500	12.0%	
A complement coul			1.15-5	1 11 21 1		

A surcharge applies for all three taxes where an additional residential property interest is purchased for more than £40,000 (unless replacing a main residence). It is also payable by all corporate purchasers. The rate is 5% (SDLT) and 8% (LBTT) of the total purchase price, LTT has specific higher rates in bandings; up to 180k; 5%, 180 -250k: 8.5%, 250 - 400k: 10%, 400 - 750k: 12.5%, 750-1,500k: 15%, >1,500k: 17%, For SDLT:

- First-time buyers purchasing a property of up to £500,000 pay a nil rate on the first £300,000 of the purchase price.
- A 2% supplement applies where the property is bought by certain non-UK residents. - A rate of 17% may apply to the total purchase price, where the property is valued

above £500,000 and purchased by a 'non-natural person' (e.g. a company). For LBTT, first-time buyer relief increases the nil rate band to £175,000.

Non-recidential or mixed use property

SDLT - Engla	nd & NI	LBTT - Scot	tland	LTT - Wales		
£000	Rate	£000	Rate	£000	Rate	
Up to 150	Nil	Up to 150	Nil	Up to 225	Nil	
150 - 250	2%	150 - 250	1%	225 - 250	1%	
Over 250	5%	Over 250	5%	250 - 1,000	5%	
				Over 1,000	6%	

Value Added Tax

Standard rate (1/6 of VAT-inclusive price)

	From 1.4.2024	Pre 1.4.2024
Registration level - Taxable turnover	£90,000	£85,000
Deregistration level - Taxable turnover	88,000	83,000
FLID I O L (FDO)		

Flat Rate Scheme (FRS)

Annual taxable turnover to enter scheme

Up to £150,000

Must leave scheme if annual gross turnover Exceeds £230,000 If using FRS, the VAT paid by the business is a fixed percentage (based on business category) of 'FRS turnover' rather than the net of output tax over input tax. Input tax is usually not recoverable.

Cash accounting and Annual accounting schemes

Annual taxable turnover to enter scheme Must leave scheme if annual taxable turnover

Up to £1.35m Exceeds £1.60m

Inheritance Tax

	2025/26	2024/25		
Nil rate band (NRB)*	£325,000	£325,000		
NRB Residential enhancement (RNRB)†*	175,000	175,000		
Tax rate on death**	40%	40%		
Tax rate on lifetime transfers to most trusts 20%				
*Up to 100% of the proportion of a deceased spouse's/civil partner's unused NRB				

**Up to 100% of the proportion of a deceased spouse sycial partner's unused NHB and RNRB band may be claimed to increment the current NRB and RNRB when the survivor dies.

†RNRB is available for transfers on death of a main residence to (broadly) direct descendants. It tapers away at the rate of £1 for every £2 of estate value above £2m. **Rate reduced to 36% if at least 10% of the relevant estate is left to charity. Unlimited exemption for transfers between spouses/civil partners, except if transfero is a 'long-term resident' and transferse is not, maximum exemption is then £325,000. 100% Business Property Relief (BPR) for all shareholdings in qualifying unquoted trading companies, qualifying unincorporated trading businesses and certain farmland/buldings.

Reduced tax charge on gifts within 7 years before death

Years before death 0-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 % of full death tax charge payable 100 80 60 40 20

Annual exemptions for lifetime gifts include £3,000 per donor and £250 per recipient.

Key dates and deadlines

Payment dates Self assessment 1st payment on account 2nd payment on account	31 January 31 July	2025/26 2026 2026	2024/25 2025 2025
Balancing payment	31 January	2027	2026
Capital Gains Tax*	31 January	2027	2026
Other payment dates			
Class 1A NIC	19 July	2026	2025
Class 1B NIC	19 October	2026	2025
Corporation toy is due 0 m	ontho and 1 day	u from the and of	+h-a

Corporation tax is due 9 months and 1 day from the end of the accounting period, unless a 'large' company paying by quarterly instalments.

2024/25 Filing deadlines

2024/23 Filling deadlines		
Issue P60s to employees	31 May	2025
P11D, P11D(b)	6 July	2025
Self Assessment Tax Return (SATR)	,	
paper version	31 October	2025
Online SATR if outstanding tax to be included		
in 2026/27 PAYE code (if under £3,000)	30 December	2025
Online SATR	31 January	2026
*A CGT return is due within 60 days of completion of sale	of any UK land and bu	ildinas

*A CGT return is due within 6U days of completion of sale of any UK land and buildings by a non-resident and of sale of UK residential property with a tax liability by a UK resident. Any CGT payable is also due within 60 days.

National Minimum Wage

Rate per hour	From 1.04.25	From 1.04.24
Aged 21 and over (National Living Wage)	£12.21	£11.44
Aged 18 – 20	10.00	8.60
Aged 16 – 17	7.55	6.40
Apprentices	7.55	6.40

You are advised to consult us before acting on any information contained herein.

2025/2026 Calendar

April 2025

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June 2025

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August 2025

30

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October 2025

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December 2025

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February 2026

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May 2025

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July 2025

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September 2025

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November 2025

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2.4	25	26	27	20	20	20

January 2026

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March 2026

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